Module name	Immunobiology
Module code	B-BA.096
ISCED code	0511: Biology
Study cycle	I°
Semester	winter
Responsible for this module	Iwona Wojda
	Department of Immunobiology
	email: wojda@poczta.umcs.lublin.pl
Language of instruction	English
Website	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge from biology and chemistry
ECTS	5.0
ECTS points hour equivalents	Contact hours with academic teacher: 60 h (Lecture 30h, Laboratory, 30 h)
	Non-contact hours (student's own work)" 65 hours
	Studying literature and preparing for exam: 65
	ECTS for contact and non-contact hours: 5
	Total number of ECTS points for the module - 5.0
Learning outcomes verification methods	Method of verification of learning outcomes approved
	on the basis of Resolution of the Senate of Maria Curie-
	Skłodowska University No. XXII-39.6 / 12 of April 25,
	2012, i.e. from the training cycle 2012/2013
	Lectures: Exam: test 50% plus 1 point minimum to pass: W1, W2. K1
	Labolatory: class attendance, laboratory exercises,
	ongoing monitoring of students' knowledge: W1, U1, U2, K1
	Method of verification of learning outcomes approved on the basis of Resolution of the Senate of Maria Curie-Skłodowska University No. XXIV-27.18 / 19 of May 29, 2019, i.e. from the training cycle 2019/2020: Lectures: Exam: test 50% plus 1 point minimum to pass: W1, W2. K1
	Laboratory: class attendance, laboratory exercises, ongoing monitoring of students' knowledge (colloquia after the exercises): U1, U2, U3,
Course full description	ILctures: - Red Queen Hipothesis, Host-pathogen antagonistic coevolution
	- Innate and acquired immunity; cellular and humoral - Janeway, Matzinger and Integrated model for infection recognition
	- Different strategies for 'remembering' infections found in living organisms: CRISP / Cas system in bacteria and its use in biotechnology, Dscam receptors in insects, VLR receptors in jawless, somatic gene rearrangement in vertebrates
	- Annelides as a source of biologically active molecules

and as environmental bioindicators. - Insects as objects for studying the mechanisms of innate immunity and as a source of bioactive compounds. Immunel proteins and peptides. - In vivo RNA interference technique for analyzing infection-regulated gene expression - Immune peptides, types, mechanism of action. - Methods for detecting antimicrobial activity in biological material: analysis of antimicrobial activity, lysozyme activity, phenol oxidase activity, coagulation index analysis - Limulus test - detecting the presence of pyrogens in the injection material Basics of immunotoxicology Laboratory: Getting acquainted with the workshop's regulations and OHS coverage. The use of insects as model organisms on the example of greater wax moth Galleria mellonella. Involvement of the phenoloxidase system in defense reactions in invertebrates. The role of lysozyme in immune response. Analysis of antimicrobial activity of immune peptides. The role of extracellular proteases of entomopathogenic bacteria in breaking down insect resistance mechanisms based on the example of G. mellonella. Detection and analysis of proteolytic activity in G. mellonella larvae homogenates. The up-to date literature on the subjectis provided **Bibliography** during classes. Based on the Resolution of the Senate of Maria Curie-Learning outcomes Skłodowska University No. XXII-39.6 / 12 of April 25, 2012, i.e. from the 2012/2013 education cycle: In terms of knowledge, the graduate: W1. Understands the basic immune processes occurring in living organisms. K W01 W2. Knows basic laboratory and field analysis tools and techniques applied in immunobiology: KW\_17 In terms of skills, the graduate: U1: Plans and performs bioanalytical research based on immunobiological methods. K U02 U2: Formulates correct conclusions from experiments and observations in the area of immunobiological analysis: K U07 In terms of competence, the graduate: K1. Understands selected fragments of specialised scientific texts: K K09

	Based on the Resolution of the Senate of Maria Curie-Skłodowska University No. XXIV-27.18 / 19 of May 29, 2019, i.e. from the training cycle 2019/2020
	In terms of knowledge, the graduate W1: Describes the relationships between organisms and the environmental pathogens: KW_02 W2: Identifies the relationships between immunobiology and other natural science disciplines, which facilitate understanding of the principles of organism function or provide a tool for interpretation and generalisation of acquired knowledge: KW_04:
	In terms of skills, the graduate: U1: Uses basic laboratory and field research tools and techniques applied in immunobiological analysis: K_U01 U2: Performs simple analyses of biological material looking for biological activity: antibacterial, antifungal, and designs simple analytical and preparatory procedures: K_U02 U3:Has an ability to conduct basic laboratory experiments in the area of immunobiology: K_U04
	In terms of competence, the graduate: K: Acknowledges the necessity of upgrading occupational competencies with respect to immune analysis: K_K02:
Practice	
Teaching methods	Presentation, show, scientific discussions, practical training