

Agnieszka TANAŚ  
Evolution of states of an infinite fission-death system

A microscopic fission-death model in the continuum is proposed and studied. In the model, point particles interact with each other and perform random actions: the death of the particle located at  $x$  which occurs independently with rate  $m(x) \geq 0$  and under the influence (competition) of the other particles in a configuration, and an independent fission of the particle located at  $x$  into two particles (located at  $y_1$  and  $y_2$ ) with rate  $b(x|y_1, y_2) \geq 0$ .

The evolution of states of the system  $\mu_0 \mapsto \mu_t$  is obtained by employing the correlation functions. We prove the existence and uniqueness of solutions of the evolution equation for the correlation functions that yields the evolution  $k_0 \mapsto k_t$  on a finite time interval. Then we prove that each  $k_t$  is the correlation function of a unique state  $\mu_t$  and continue  $k_t$  to all  $t > 0$ .